29. रेलवे कालोनी, भावनगर परा, भावनगर

30. वीरमगांव, जिला अहमदाबाद–382150

31. सबरमती, नई रेलवे कालोनी, जिला अहमदाबाद

32. गांधीधाम रेलवे कालोनी, पो० गांधीधाम जिला कच्छ–370203

33. इफको गांधीधाम, पो० उदयनगर, जिला–कच्छ 370203

34. पोरबंदर, रेलवे कालोनी, एरोड्रम रोड

वैदिक गणित को विद्यालय स्तर की शिक्षा में एक विषय के रूप में शामिल किया जाना

*133. **श्री अजीत जोगी :** क्या **मानव संसाधन विकास** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार "वैदिक गणित" को विद्यालय स्तर के पाठ्यक्रम में शामिल करने का विचार रखती है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या और इसे कब तक कार्यान्वित कर दिए जाने की संभावना है ; और

(ग) उन राज्यों के नाम क्या हैं जहां कुछ विद्यालयों ने वैदिक गणित के शिक्षण में अभिरुचि दिखाई है ?

मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्री (श्री अर्जुन सिंह) : (क) जी, नहीं ।

(ख) प्रश्न ही नहीं उठता ।

(ग) किसी राज्य सरकार या स्कूल ने इस संबंध में राष्ट्रीय शैक्षणिक प्रशिक्षण परिषद से सम्पर्क नहीं किया है जो राष्ट्रीय स्तर पर पाठ्यक्रम विकास के लिए निर्धारित एजेंसी है ।

Ban on Transfer of immovable properties in Delhi

*134. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE:

SHRI BEKAL UTSAHI:

Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is a ban on registration of transfer of immovable properties in Delhi if so, what are the details thereof;

(b) whether large-scale transfer of such properties is affected through 'power of attorney', resulting in large scale generation of black money and unregistered transfers; and

(c) if so, what steps Government propose to take in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI SHEILA KAUL): (a) No, Sir.

(b) It is reported by Delhi Administration that transfers of leasehold immovable properties in Delhi do take place through power of Attorney.

(c) A proposal to make power of Attorney transactions compulsorily registrable in order to ensure their validity beyond 12 months is under examination of the Government.

Linking of Surplus and Scarcity Zones

*135. SHRI S. MADHAVAN: Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have received any proposal from the Central Water Commission and the National Water Development Agency to link the surplus and the scarcity zones in the country under the Himalayan River Development Plan and the Peninsular River Development Plan; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA): (a) and (b) The erstwhile Ministry of Irrigation (now Ministry of Water Resources) have formulated a National Perspective for Water Resources Development which comprises of two

components viz. Himalayan Rivers Development Component and the Peninsular Rivers Development Component. The Himalayan Rivers Development Component envisages construction of storages in the main Ganga and the Brahmaputra rivers and their principal tributaries in India and Nepal so as to conserve monsoon flows for flood control. Hydropower generation and irrigation. Interlinking canal systems will be provided to transfer surplus flows of Kosi-Gandak and Ghaghra to the west.

The Peninsular Rivers Development Component consists of 4 major parts as under:—

(i) Inter-linking of Mahanadi-Godavari/Krishna-Cauvery rivers and building storages at potential sites in these basins.

(ii) Inter-linking of west flowing rivers, north of Bombay and South of Tapi;

(iii) Inter-linking of Ken-Chambal; and

(iv) Diversion of other west flowing rivers.

In all 17 water transfer links are proposed under this component.

The National Water Development Agency was set up in 1982 to undertake studies on 17 water transfer links as envisaged in the Peninsular Rivers Development Component of the National Perspectives for water resources development of the country. As programmed, the Agency completed preliminary feasibility reports on 5 water transfer links by the end of VII Plan (1989-90). The Agency has completed during 1990-91 studies on two more links and is likely to complete studies on the remaining links by 1994-95. The water transfer links for which preliminary feasibility reports have been prepared are as under:

1. Mahanadi—Godavari (Dowaliswaram).
2. Godavari (Polavaram)—Krishna (Vijayawada).
3. Par—Tapi.
4. West flowing rivers of Kerala—Vaigai.
5. Ken—Betwa.
6. Godavari (Inchampalli)—Krishna (Pulichintala).
7. Parabeti—Kalisindh—Chambal.

The preliminary feasibility reports of these 7 links have been forwarded to the concerned State Governments for their comments.

In the case of Himalayan rivers, there are 19 water transfer links for which the feasibilty reports are required to be prepared by National Water Development Agency. The Agency has a programme to take up five such water transfer links during the Eighth Plan for detailed surveys and investigations.

गेहूं की नई किस्म

*136. श्री राम जेठमलानी :
डा० जितेन्द्र कुमार जैन :

क्या कृषि मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या गेहूं की सात नई किस्मों का पता लगाया गया है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो उनका ब्यौरा क्या है ;

(ग) किसानों को इन किस्मों के बीजों की उपलब्धता की प्रस्तावित वार्षिक मात्रा कितनी है; और

(घ) इन नई किस्मों के परिणामस्वरूप गेहू की पैदावार में कितनी अनुमानित वृद्धि होगी तथा उसका ब्यौरा क्या है ?

कृषि मंत्री (श्री बलराम जाखड़) : (क) जी हां।

(ख) विस्तृत ब्यौरा विवरण में दिया गया है : (नीचे देखिए)

(ग) यह संबंधित राज्यों की मांग पर निर्भर करेगा ।

(घ) विवरण में दी गई पैदावार क्षमता के अनुसार पांच से दस प्रतिशत तक ।